

Sequence Objects

Introduction

A **Sequence** object manages a set of Commands. The sequence is constructed on the host from a list of commands, then downloaded and executed in the controller. Typically, applications only use Sequences for very small or simple autonomous tasks that require execution in the controller. Due to their embedded execution, debugging can be difficult. It is best to use the host application to execute MPI methods directly for optimum flexibility and performance.

If you are considering using a program Sequencer or Command objects, please contact your support engineer. We recommend that you do **NOT** implement complex Sequences on your own.

Commands are implemented using [MPICommand](#) objects. Information about the different types of commands can be found on [MPICommandType](#) and [MPICommandParams](#). Sample applications for using sequencers can be found in the Sample Applications section. Search for application names starting with **seq**. **Seqkill.c** is a good place to start.

Methods

Create, Delete, Validate Methods

mpiSequenceCreate	Create Sequence object
mpiSequenceDelete	Delete Sequence object
mpiSequenceValidate	Validate Sequence object

Configuration and Information Methods

mpiSequenceConfigGet	Get sequence config
mpiSequenceConfigSet	Set sequence config
mpiSequenceFlashConfigGet	Get sequence flash config
mpiSequenceFlashConfigSet	Set sequence flash config
mpiSequencePageSize	Set pageSize to number of command slots used by sequence
mpiSequenceStatus	Return sequence status

Event Methods

mpiSequenceEventNotifyGet	Select an event mask for host notification of events
mpiSequenceEventNotifySet	Enable host notification of sequence events
mpiSequenceEventReset	Reset sequence events

Action Methods

<u>mpiSequenceCompile</u>	
<u>mpiSequenceLoad</u>	Load sequence commands into firmware
<u>mpiSequenceResume</u>	Resume execution of sequence
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<u>mpiSequenceStop</u>	Stop sequence

Memory Methods

<u>mpiSequenceMemory</u>	Set address used to access sequence memory
<u>mpiSequenceMemoryGet</u>	Get bytes of sequence memory and put into application memory
<u>mpiSequenceMemorySet</u>	Put (set) bytes of application memory into sequence memory

Relational Methods

<u>mpiSequenceControl</u>	Get handle to Control
<u>mpiSequenceNumber</u>	Get index number of sequence
List Methods for Event Sources	
<u>mpiSequenceCommand</u>	Return handle to indexed command of sequence
<u>mpiSequenceCommandAppend</u>	Append command to sequence
<u>mpiSequenceCommandCount</u>	Count the number of commands in sequence
<u>mpiSequenceCommandFirst</u>	Return handle to first command in sequence
<u>mpiSequenceCommandIndex</u>	Return the index of a command in sequence
<u>mpiSequenceCommandInsert</u>	Insert command into sequence
<u>mpiSequenceCommandLast</u>	Return handle of last command in sequence
<u>mpiSequenceCommandListGet</u>	Get list of commands in sequence
<u>mpiSequenceCommandListSet</u>	Set list of commands in sequence
<u>mpiSequenceCommandNext</u>	Get handle to next command in list
<u>mpiSequenceCommandPrevious</u>	Get handle to previous command in list
<u>mpiSequenceCommandRemove</u>	Remove command from list

Data Types

[MPISequenceConfig](#) / [MEISequenceConfig](#)
[MPISequenceMessage](#)
[MPISequenceState](#)
[MPISequenceStatus](#)
[MEISequenceTrace](#)

See Also

[MPICommand](#)

[MPICommandType](#)

[MPICommandParams](#)

[seqKill.c](#) (sample application)

mpiSequenceCreate

Declaration

```
MPISequence mpiSequenceCreate(MPIControl control,
                               long number,
                               long pageSize)
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiSequenceCreate creates a Sequence object associated with the program sequencer identified by **number** located on motion controller (control). SequenceCreate is the equivalent of a C++ constructor.

If	Then
number is -1	<i>SequenceCreate</i> selects the next unused program sequencer. If this is the first use of the program sequencer, then SequenceCreate will attempt to allocate pageSize firmware command slots.
pageSize is -1	<i>SequenceCreate</i> will allocate all remaining firmware command slots, which may prevent any more Sequence objects from being created.

Return Values

handle	to a Sequence object
MPIHandleVOID	if the object could not be created

See Also

[mpiSequenceDelete](#) | [mpiSequenceValidate](#)

mpiSequenceDelete

Declaration

```
long mpiSequenceDelete(MPISequence sequence)
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiSequenceDelete deletes a Sequence object and invalidates its handle (*sequence*). *SequenceDelete* is the equivalent of a C++ destructor.

All Command objects in a Sequence are deleted when the Sequence object is deleted.

sequence	a handle to the Sequence object.
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Return Values

MPIMessageOK	if <i>SequenceDelete</i> successfully a Sequence object and invalidates its handle
---------------------	--

See Also

[mpiSequenceCreate](#) | [mpiSequenceValidate](#)

mpiSequenceValidate

Declaration

```
long mpiSequenceValidate(MPISequence sequence)
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiSequenceValidate validates the Sequence object and its handle (***sequence***).

Return Values

MPIMessageOK	if Sequence is a handle to a valid object.
---------------------	--

See Also

[mpiSequenceCreate](#) | [mpiSequenceDelete](#)

mpiSequenceConfigGet

Declaration

```
long mpiSequenceConfigGet(MPISequence      sequence ,
                          MPISequenceConfig *config ,
                          void                *external )
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiSequenceConfigGet gets the configuration of a Sequence object (***sequence***) and writes it in the structure pointed to by ***config***, and also writes it into the implementation-specific structure pointed to by ***external*** (if ***external*** is not NULL).

The Sequence's configuration information in ***external*** is in addition to the Sequence's configuration information in ***config***, i.e, the configuration information in ***config*** and in ***external*** is not the same information. Note that ***config*** or ***external*** can be NULL (but not both NULL).

Remarks

external either points to a structure of type `MEISequenceConfig{}` or is NULL.

Return Values

MPIMessageOK

if *SequenceConfigGet* successfully gets and writes the configuration of a Sequence object into the structure(s)

See Also

[mpiSequenceConfigSet](#) | [MEISequenceConfig](#)

mpiSequenceConfigSet

Declaration

```
long mpiSequenceConfigSet(MPISequence      sequence ,
                          MPISequenceConfig *config ,
                          void              *external )
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiSequenceConfigSet sets the configuration of a Sequence (***sequence***) using data from the structure pointed to by ***config***, and also using data from the implementation- specific structure pointed to by ***external*** (if ***external*** is not NULL).

The Sequence's configuration information in ***external*** is in addition to the Sequence's configuration information in ***config***, i.e, the configuration information in ***config*** and in ***external*** is not the same information. Note that ***config*** or ***external*** can be NULL (but not both NULL).

Remarks

external either points to a structure of type `MEISequenceConfig{}` or is NULL.

Return Values

MPIMessageOK

if *SequenceConfigSet* successfully sets a Sequence's configuration using data from the structure(s).

See Also

[mpiSequenceConfigGet](#) | [MEISequenceConfig](#)

mpiSequenceFlashConfigGet

Declaration

```
long mpiSequenceFlashConfigGet(MPISequence      sequence ,
                               void              *flash ,
                               MPISequenceConfig *config ,
                               void              *external )
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiSequenceFlashConfigGet gets a Sequence's (**sequence**) flash configuration and writes it into the structure pointed to by **config**, and also writes it into the implementation-specific structure pointed to by **external** (if **external** is not NULL).

The Sequence's flash configuration information in **external** is in addition to the Sequence's flash configuration information in **config**, i.e., the flash configuration information in **config** and in **external** is not the same information. Note that **config** or **external** can be NULL (but not both NULL). The implementation-specific **flash** argument is used to access flash memory.

Remarks

external either points to a structure of type [MEISequenceConfig{}](#) or is NULL. **flash** is either an MEIFlash handle or MPIHandleVOID. If **flash** is MPIHandleVOID, an MEIFlash object will be created and deleted internally.

Return Values

MPIMessageOK

if *SequenceFlashConfigGet* successfully writes the Sequence's flash configuration to the structure(s)

See Also

[mpiSequenceFlashConfigSet](#)

mpiSequenceFlashConfigSet

Declaration

```
long mpiSequenceFlashConfigSet(MPISequence      sequence ,
                               void              *flash ,
                               MPISequenceConfig *config ,
                               void              *external )
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiSequenceFlashConfigSet sets a Sequence's (**sequence**) flash configuration using data from the structure pointed to by **config**, and also using data from the implementation-specific structure pointed to by **external** (if **external** is not NULL).

The Sequence's flash configuration information in **external** is in addition to the Sequence's flash configuration information in **config**, i.e., the flash configuration information in **config** and in **external** is not the same information. Note that **config** or **external** can be NULL (but not both NULL). The implementation-specific **flash** argument is used to access flash memory.

Remarks

external either points to a structure of type `MEISequenceConfig{}` or is NULL. **flash** is either an `MEIFlash` handle or `MPIHandleVOID`. If **flash** is `MPIHandleVOID`, an `MEIFlash` object will be created and deleted internally.

Return Values

MPIMessageOK

if *SequenceFlashConfigSet* successfully sets the Sequence's flash configuration using data from the structure(s)

See Also

[MEISequenceConfig](#) | [mpiSequenceFlashConfigGet](#)

mpiSequencePageSize

Declaration

```
long mpiSequencePageSize(MPISequence sequence ,  
                        long *pageSize)
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiSequencePageSize writes the *number* of command slots that are available to a Sequence (***sequence***, on its associated motion controller) to the contents of ***pageSize***.

Return Values

MPIMessageOK

if *SequencePageSize* successfully writes the number of command slots (available to the Sequence) to the contents of ***pageSize***

See Also

mpiSequenceStatus

Declaration

```
long mpiSequenceStatus(MPISequence      sequence ,
                      MPISequenceStatus *status ,
                      void                *external )
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiSequenceStatus returns the status of a Sequence (***sequence***), and writes it into the structure pointed to by ***status***, and also writes it into the implementation-specific structure pointed to by ***external*** (if ***external*** is not NULL).

Remarks

external should always be set to NULL.

sequence	a handle to a Sequence object
*status	a pointer to Sequence's status structure
*external	a pointer to an implementation-specific structure

Return Values

MPIMessageOK	if <i>SequenceStatus</i> successfully returns the Sequence's status and writes the status to the structure(s)
MPIMessageARG_INVALID	if the <i>status</i> pointer is NULL.

See Also

[MPISequenceStatus](#)

mpiSequenceEventNotifyGet

Declaration

```
long mpiSequenceEventNotifyGet(MPISequence    sequence ,
                               MPIEventMask  *eventMask ,
                               void            *external )
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiSequenceEventNotifyGet writes an event mask [that specifies the event types (generated by the Sequence **sequence**, for which host notification has been requested)] to the structure pointed to by **eventMask**, and also writes it into the implementation-specific structure pointed to by **external** (if **external** is not NULL).

The event mask information in **external** is *in addition* to the event mask information in **eventMask**, i.e, the event mask information in **eventMask** and in **external** is not the same information. Note that **eventMask** or **external** can be NULL (but not both NULL).

Remarks

external either points to a structure of type **MEIEventMask{}** or is NULL.

Return Values

MPIMessageOK

if *SequenceEventNotifyGet* successfully writes the event mask to the structure(s)

See Also

[MEIEventMask](#) | [mpiSequenceEventNotifySet](#)

mpiSequenceEventNotifySet

Declaration

```
long mpiSequenceEventNotifySet(MPISequence    sequence ,
                               MPIEventMask  eventMask ,
                               void           *external )
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiSequenceEventNotifySet requests host notification of the event(s) specified by **eventMask** and generated by a Sequence (**sequence**), and also using data from the implementation-specific structure pointed to by **external** (if **external** is not NULL).

The event mask information in **external** is in addition to the event mask information in **eventMask**, i.e, the event mask information in **eventMask** and in **external** is not the same information. Note that **eventMask** or **external** can be NULL (but not both NULL).

The mask of event types generated by a Sequence object consists of MPIEventMaskEXTERNAL. When a Sequence issues a Command of type MPICommandTypeEVENT, an event of type MPIEventTypeEXTERNAL is generated. The only event generated by a Sequence is MPIEventTypeEXTERNAL, which is generated when a Sequence issues a Command of type MPICommandTypeEVENT.

Remarks

external either points to a structure of type MEIEventMask{} or is NULL.

To	Use "eventMask"
Disable host notification of all Sequence events	MPIEventTypeNONE
Enable host notification of all Sequence events	MPIEventMaskALL

Return Values

MPIMessageOK

if *SequenceEventNotifySet* successfully requests host notification of the events in the event mask(s)

See Also

[MPIEventMaskEXTERNAL](#) | [MEIEventMask](#) | [mpiSequenceEventNotifyGet](#)

mpiSequenceEventReset

Declaration

```
long mpiSequenceEventReset(MPISequence sequence ,  
                           MPIEventMask eventMask )
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiSequenceEventReset resets the event(s) that are specified in **eventMask** and generated by a Sequence (**sequence**). Your application should not call SequenceEventReset *until* one or more latching events have occurred.

Return Values

MPIMessageOK

if *SequenceEventReset* successfully resets the event(s) that are specified in **eventMask** and generated by a Sequence object

See Also

meiSequenceCompile

Declaration

```
long meiSequenceCompile(MPISequence sequence)
```

Required Header: stdmei.h

Description

meiSequenceCompile "compiles" a **sequence** object by reading its list of Command objects and then creating an equivalent list of XMP commands.

sequence	a handle to the Sequence object.
-----------------	----------------------------------

Return Values

MPIMessageOK	if <i>SequenceCompile</i> successfully reads a Sequence object's list of Command objects and creates an equivalent list of XMP commands
---------------------	---

See Also

mpiSequenceLoad

Declaration

```
long mpiSequenceLoad(MPISequence sequence ,
                    MPICommand command ,
                    long start )
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiSequenceLoad loads the firmware command slots of a Sequence (***sequence***) as necessary, starting with the Command (***command***).

SequenceLoad is intended to be called initially by `mpiSequenceStart(...)` and called thereafter by `mpiEventMgrService(...)` (in response to reception of an *internal page fault event notification* from the firmware). Except when you are debugging a sequence via `mpiSequenceStep(...)`, your application should never need to directly call `SequenceLoad`.

If	Then
<i>command</i> is MPIHandleVOID	<i>SequenceLoad</i> loads Commands starting with the first Command of the Sequence
<i>start</i> is not FALSE	<i>SequenceLoad</i> starts the sequence after the commands are loaded

Return Values

MPIMessageOK	if <i>SequenceLoad</i> successfully loads the firmware command slots of a Sequence
---------------------	--

See Also

[mpiSequenceStart](#) | [mpiEventMgrService](#) | [mpiSequenceStep](#)

mpiSequenceResume

Declaration

```
long mpiSequenceResume(MPISequence sequence)
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiSequenceResume resumes a Sequence (***sequence***) from the point where the Sequence has stopped (if execution has been stopped).

Return Values

MPIMessageOK

if *SequenceResume* successfully resumes a Sequence from the point where the Sequence has stopped

See Also

mpiSequenceStart

Declaration

```
long mpiSequenceStart(MPISequence sequence ,  
                     MPICommand command )
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiSequenceStart begins the execution of a Sequence (***sequence***), starting with the Command (***command***). If ***command*** is MPIHandleVOID, execution starts with the first command of the Sequence.

Return Values

MPIMessageOK

if *SequenceStart* successfully begins the execution of a Command Sequence

See Also

[mpiSequenceStop](#)

mpiSequenceStep

Declaration

```
long mpiSequenceStep(MPISequence sequence,  
                    long count )
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiSequenceStep executes *count* steps (Commands) of a stopped Sequence (*sequence*). After executing the Commands, the Sequence will be in the MPISequenceStateSTOPPED state.

Return Values

MPIMessageOK

if *SequenceStep* successfully executes *count* steps (Commands) of a stopped Sequence

See Also

mpiSequenceStop

Declaration

```
long mpiSequenceStop(MPISequence sequence)
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiSequenceStop stops a Sequence (***sequence***), if execution has been started. A stopped Sequence can be resumed from the point where it has stopped.

Return Values

MPIMessageOK	if <i>SequenceStop</i> successfully stops a Sequence (while it is executing)
---------------------	--

See Also

[mpiSequenceStart](#)

mpiSequenceMemory

Declaration

```
long mpiSequenceMemory(MPISequence sequence ,  
                        void **memory)
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiSequenceMemory writes an address [used to access a Sequence's (sequence) memory] to the contents of **memory**. This address (or an address calculated from it) is passed as the **src** argument to `mpiSequenceMemoryGet(...)` and as the **dst** argument to `mpiSequenceMemorySet(...)`.

Return Values

MPIMessageOK

if *SequenceMemory* successfully writes the address (used to access Sequence memory) to the contents of memory

See Also

[mpiSequenceMemoryGet](#) | [mpiSequenceMemorySet](#)

mpiSequenceMemoryGet

Declaration

```
long mpiSequenceMemoryGet(MPISequence sequence ,  
                           void *dst ,  
                           void *src ,  
                           long count )
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiSequenceMemoryGet copies *count* bytes of a Sequence's (*sequence*) memory (starting at address *src*) to application memory (starting at address *dst*).

Return Values

MPIMessageOK	if <i>SequenceMemoryGet</i> successfully copies count bytes of Sequence memory to application memory
---------------------	--

See Also

[mpiSequenceMemorySet](#) | [mpiSequenceMemory](#)

mpiSequenceMemorySet

Declaration

```
long mpiSequenceMemorySet(MPISequence sequence,  
                           void *dst,  
                           void *src,  
                           long count)
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiSequenceMemorySet copies *count* bytes of application memory (starting at address *src*) to a Sequence's (*sequence*) memory (starting at address *dst*).

Return Values

MPIMessageOK	if <i>SequenceMemorySet</i> successfully copies <i>count</i> bytes of application memory to a Sequence object's memory
---------------------	--

See Also

[mpiSequenceMemory](#) | [mpiSequenceMemoryGet](#)

mpiSequenceControl

Declaration

```
MPIControl mpiSequenceControl(MPISequence sequence)
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiSequenceControl returns a handle to the Control object with which the Sequence object is associated.

sequence	a handle to the Sequence object.
-----------------	----------------------------------

Return Values

MPIControl	a handle to the Sequence object
MPIHandleVOID	if <i>sequence</i> is invalid

See Also

[mpiSequenceCreate](#) | [mpiControlCreate](#)

mpiSequenceNumber

Declaration

```
long mpiSequenceNumber(MPISequence sequence ,  
                       long *number )
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiSequenceNumber writes the index of a Sequence (***sequence***, on the motion controller that the Sequence object is associated with) to the contents of ***number***.

Return Values

MPIMessageOK

if *SequenceNumber* successfully writes the Sequence's index to the contents of ***number***

See Also

mpiSequenceCommand

Declaration

```
MPICommand mpiSequenceCommand(MPISequence sequence,
                                long index)
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiSequenceCommand returns the element at the position on the list indicated by *index*.

sequence	a handle to the Sequence object.
index	a position in the list.

Return Values

handle	to the <i>index</i> th Command of a Sequence (<i>sequence</i>)
MPIHandleVOID	if <i>sequence</i> is invalid if <i>index</i> is less than 0 if <i>index</i> is greater than or equal to mpiSequenceCount(sequence)
MPIMessageARG_INVALID	if <i>index</i> is a negative number.
MEIListMessageELEMENT_NOT_FOUND	if <i>index</i> is greater than or equal to the number of elements in the list.
MPIMessageHANDLE_INVALID	if <i>sequence</i> is an invalid handle.

See Also

mpiSequenceCommandAppend

Declaration

```
long mpiSequenceCommandAppend(MPISequence sequence,
                               MPICommand command)
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiSequenceCommandAppend appends a Command (***command***) to a Sequence (***sequence***).

sequence	a handle to the Sequence object.
command	a handle to a Command object.

Return Values

MPIMessageOK	if <i>SequenceCommandAppend</i> successfully appends a Command to a Sequence
MPIMessageHANDLE_INVALID	Either <i>sequence</i> or <i>command</i> is an invalid handle.
MPIMessageNO_MEMORY	Not enough memory was available.

See Also

mpiSequenceCommandCount

Declaration

```
long mpiSequenceCommandCount (MPISequence sequence)
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiSequenceCommandCount returns the number of elements on the list.

sequence	a handle to the Sequence object.
-----------------	----------------------------------

Return Values

number of Commands	in a Sequence (<i>sequence</i>)
-1	if <i>sequence</i> is invalid
0	if <i>sequence</i> is empty

See Also

mpiSequenceCommandFirst

Declaration

```
MPICommand mpiSequenceCommandFirst(MPISequence sequence)
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiSequenceCommandFirst returns the first element in the list. This function can be used in conjunction with `mpiSequenceCommandNext()` in order to iterate through the list.

sequence	a handle to the Sequence object.
-----------------	----------------------------------

Return Values

handle	to the first Command in a Sequence (<i>sequence</i>)
---------------	--

MPIHandleVOID	if <i>sequence</i> is invalid if <i>sequence</i> is empty
----------------------	--

MPIMessageHANDLE_INVALID	if <i>sequence</i> is an invalid handle.
---------------------------------	--

See Also

[mpiSequenceCommandNext](#) | [mpiSequenceCommandLast](#)

mpiSequenceCommandIndex

Declaration

```
long mpiSequenceCommandIndex(MPISequence sequence,
                             MPICommand command)
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiSequenceCommandIndex returns the position of "command" on the list.

sequence	a handle to the Sequence object.
command	a handle to a Command object.

Return Values

index	of a Command (<i>command</i>) in a Sequence (<i>sequence</i>)
-1	if <i>sequence</i> is invalid if the Command (<i>command</i>) was not found in the Sequence (<i>sequence</i>)

See Also

mpiSequenceCommandInsert

Declaration

```
long mpiSequenceCommandInsert(MPISequence sequence,  
                             MPICommand command,  
                             MPICommand insert)
```

Required Header: `stdmpi.h`

Description

mpiSequenceCommandInsert inserts a Command (*insert*) in a Sequence (*sequence*) just after the specified Command (*command*).

Return Values

MPIMessageOK	if <i>SequenceCommandInsert</i> successfully inserts the Command (<i>insert</i>) in a Sequence following the specified Command (<i>command</i>)
---------------------	---

See Also

[mpiSequenceCommandNext](#) | [mpiSequenceCommandLast](#)

mpiSequenceCommandLast

Declaration

```
MPICommand mpiSequenceCommandLast (MPISequence sequence)
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiSequenceCommandLast returns the last element in the list. This function can be used in conjunction with `mpiSequenceCommandPrevious()` in order to iterate through the list backwards.

sequence	a handle to the Sequence object.
-----------------	----------------------------------

Return Values

handle	to the last Command in a Sequence (<i>sequence</i>)
MPIHandleVOID	if <i>sequence</i> is invalid if <i>sequence</i> is empty
MPIMessageHANDLE_INVALID	if <i>sequence</i> is an invalid handle.

See Also

[mpiSequenceCommandFirst](#) | [mpiSequenceCommandPrevious](#) | [mpiSequenceCommandNext](#)

mpiSequenceCommandListGet

Declaration

```
long mpiSequenceCommandListGet(MPISequence sequence ,
                               long *commandCount ,
                               MPICommand *commandList )
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiSequenceCommandListGet gets the Commands in a Sequence (***sequence***). *SequenceCommandListGet* writes the number of Commands [in a Sequence (***sequence***)] to the location (pointed to by ***commandCount***), and also writes an array (of ***commandCount*** Command handles) to the location (pointed to by ***commandList***).

Return Values

MPIMessageOK	if <i>SequenceCommandListGet</i> successfully gets the list of Commands in a Sequence
---------------------	---

See Also

[mpiSequenceCommandListSet](#)

mpiSequenceCommandListSet

Declaration

```
long mpiSequenceCommandListSet(MPISequence sequence ,
                               long commandCount ,
                               MPICommand *commandList )
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiSequenceCommandListSet creates a Sequence (***sequence***) of ***commandCount*** Commands using the Command handles specified by ***commandList***. Any existing command Sequence is completely replaced.

The ***commandList*** parameter is the address of an array of ***commandCount*** Command handles, or is NULL (if ***commandCount*** is equal to zero).

You can also create a command Sequence incrementally (i.e., one command at a time), by using the Append and/or Insert methods. Use the List methods to examine and manipulate a command Sequence, regardless of how it was created.

Return Values

MPIMessageOK

if *SequenceCommandListGet* successfully creates a Sequence of Commands using the Command handles specified by ***commandList***

See Also

[mpiSequenceCommandListGet](#)

mpiSequenceCommandNext

Declaration

```
MPICommand mpiSequenceCommandNext (MPISequence sequence ,  
                                     MPICommand command )
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiSequenceCommandNext returns the next element following "command" on the list. This function can be used in conjunction with `mpiSequenceCommandFirst()` in order to iterate through the list.

sequence	a handle to the Sequence object.
command	a handle to a Command object.

Return Values

handle	to the Command following the Command (<i>command</i>) in a Sequence (<i>sequence</i>)
MPIHandleVOID	if <i>sequence</i> is invalid if <i>command</i> is the last command in a Sequence (<i>sequence</i>)
MPIMessageHANDLE_INVALID	Either <i>sequence</i> or <i>command</i> is an invalid handle.

See Also

[mpiSequenceCommandFirst](#) | [mpiSequenceCommandPrevious](#)

mpiSequenceCommandPrevious

Declaration

```
MPICommand mpiSequenceCommandPrevious(MPISequence sequence,  
                                         MPICommand command)
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiSequenceCommandPrevious returns the previous element prior to "command" on the list. This function can be used in conjunction with `mpiSequenceCommandLast()` in order to iterate through the list backwards.

sequence	a handle to the Sequence object.
command	a handle to a Command object.

Return Values

handle	to the Command preceding the Command (<i>command</i>) in a Sequence (<i>sequence</i>)
MPIHandleVOID	if <i>sequence</i> is invalid if <i>command</i> is the first command in a Sequence (<i>sequence</i>)
MPIMessageHANDLE_INVALID	Either <i>sequence</i> or <i>command</i> is an invalid handle.

See Also

[mpiSequenceCommandLast](#) | [mpiSequenceCommandNext](#)

mpiSequenceCommandRemove

Declaration

```
long mpiSequenceCommandRemove(MPISequence sequence,  
                               MPICommand command)
```

Required Header: stdmpi.h

Description

mpiSequenceCommandRemove removes a Command (***command***) from a Sequence (***sequence***).

Return Values

MPIMessageOK

if *SequenceCommandRemove* successfully removes the Command from a Sequence

See Also

MPISequenceConfig / MEISequenceConfig

Definition: MPISequenceConfig

```
typedef MPIEmpty    MPISequenceConfig;
```

Description

MPISequenceConfig is currently not supported and is reserved for future use.

Definition: MEISequenceConfig

```
typedef MPIEmpty    MEISequenceConfig;
```

Description

MEISequenceConfig is currently not supported and is reserved for future use.

See Also

[mpiSequenceConfigGet](#) | [mpiSequenceConfigSet](#)

MPISequenceMessage

Definition

```
typedef enum {
    MPISequenceMessageSEQUENCE_INVALID,
    MPISequenceMessageCOMMAND_COUNT,
    MPISequenceMessageCOMMAND_NOT_FOUND,
    MPISequenceMessageSTARTED,
    MPISequenceMessageSTOPPED,
} MPISequenceMessage;
```

Description

MPISequenceMessage is an enumeration of Sequence error messages that can be returned by the MPI library.

MPISequenceMessageSEQUENCE_INVALID

The sequence number is out of range. This message code is returned by [mpiSequenceCreate\(.\)](#) if the sequence number is less than zero or greater than or equal to MEIXmpMAX_PSs. This message code is also returned if the specified sequence number is not active in the controller. To correct this problem, use [mpiControlConfigSet\(.\)](#) to enable the sequence object, by setting the sequenceCount to greater than the sequence number. For example, to enable sequence 0 to 3, set sequenceCount to 4. This message code is returned by [mpiSequenceLoad\(.\)](#) if the sequence buffer size and the sequence page size are not equal. This indicates an internal MPI Library problem.

MPISequenceMessageCOMMAND_COUNT

The sequence command count is out of range. This message code is returned by [mpiSequenceStart\(.\)](#) or [meiSequenceCompile\(.\)](#) if the sequence command count is less than or equal to zero. To correct this problem, set the command count to a value greater than zero.

MPISequenceMessageCOMMAND_NOT_FOUND

The sequence command is not found. This message code is returned by [mpiSequenceLoad\(.\)](#), [mpiSequenceStart\(.\)](#), or [meiSequenceCompile\(.\)](#) if the specified command is not a member of the sequence. To correct this problem, specify a command that is a member of the sequence.

MPISequenceMessageSTARTED

The program sequencer is already running. This message code is returned by [mpiSequenceResume\(.\)](#), [mpiSequenceStart\(.\)](#), or [mpiSequenceStep\(.\)](#) if the program sequencer has already been started. If this is a problem, call [mpiSequenceStop\(.\)](#) to stop the program sequencer or monitor the sequence status and wait for the state to equal STOPPED.

MPISequenceMessageSTOPPED

The program sequencer is not running. This message code is returned by [mpiSequenceStop\(.\)](#) if the program sequencer has already been stopped. If this is a problem, call [mpiSequenceStart\(.\)](#) to start the program sequencer.

See Also

MPISequenceState

Definition

```
typedef enum {  
    MPISequenceStateSTOPPED = 0,  
    MPISequenceStateSTARTED,  
} MPISequenceState;
```

Description

MPISequenceState is an enumeration of fan status bit for use in the **MPIControlFanStatusMask**. The status bits represent the present status condition(s) for the fan controller on a given Control object.

MPISequenceStateSTOPPED	Means that the XMP's on-board program sequencer state is stopped. The program sequencer is in this state after it is created, and is not running. If the program sequencer has already been started, then a call to the MPI method <code>mpiSequenceStop</code> will stop the sequencer, and the sequencer state will be MPISequenceStateSTOPPED .
MPISequenceStateSTARTED	Means that the XMP's on-board program sequencer state is running. The program sequencer is in this state after it has been created, and successfully started with a call to the MPI method <code>mpiSequenceStart</code> .

See Also

MPISequenceStatus

Definition

```
typedef struct MPISequenceStatus {  
    MPICommand          command;  
    MPISequenceState   state;  
} MPISequenceStatus;
```

Description

MPISequenceStatus is a status structure for MPISequence objects.

command	The current command of the MPISequence object
state	The current state of the MPISequence object

See Also

[MPISequence](#) | [mpiSequenceStatus](#)

MEISequenceTrace

Definition

```
typedef enum {  
    MEISequenceTraceLOAD,  
} MEISequenceTrace;
```

Description

MEISequenceTrace sets tracing on for the `mpiSequenceLoad()` method.

See Also

[MPISequence](#) | [MEITrace](#) | [mpiSequenceLoad](#)

Command Objects

Introduction

The **Command** object specifies one of a variety of program Sequence commands. These include motion, conditional branch, computational, and time delay commands.

Information about the different types of commands can be found on [MPICommandType](#) and [MPICommandParams](#).

Methods

Create, Delete, Validate Methods

mpiCommandCreate	Create Command object
mpiCommandDelete	Delete Command object
mpiCommandValidate	Validate Command object

Configuration and Informational Methods

mpiCommandLabel	Get pointer to Command label
mpiCommandParams	Get Command parameters
mpiCommandType	Return Command type

Other Methods

mpiCommandAxisListGet	Get the axisCount and axisList from a Command object.
---------------------------------------	---

Data Types

[MPICommandAddress](#)
[MPICommandConstant](#)
[MPICommandExpr](#)
[MPICommandMessage](#)
[MPICommandMotion](#)
[MPICommandOperator](#)
[MPICommandParams](#)
[MPICommandType](#)

See Also

MPICommandType

Definition

```
typedef enum {
    MPICommandTypeASSIGN,
    MPICommandTypeASSIGN_FLOAT,

    MPICommandTypeBRANCH,
    MPICommandTypeBRANCH_REF,
    MPICommandTypeBRANCH_FLOAT,
    MPICommandTypeBRANCH_FLOAT_REF,
    MPICommandTypeBRANCH_EVENT,
    MPICommandTypeBRANCH_IO,

    MPICommandTypeCOMPUTE,
    MPICommandTypeCOMPUTE_REF,
    MPICommandTypeCOMPUTE_FLOAT,
    MPICommandTypeCOMPUTE_FLOAT_REF,
    MPICommandTypeCOMPUTE_IO,

    MPICommandTypeCOPY,
    MPICommandTypeDELAY,
    MPICommandTypeEVENT,
    MPICommandTypeMOTION,

    MPICommandTypeWAIT,
    MPICommandTypeWAIT_REF,
    MPICommandTypeWAIT_FLOAT,
    MPICommandTypeWAIT_FLOAT_REF,
    MPICommandTypeWAIT_EVENT,
    MPICommandTypeWAIT_IO,
} MPICommandType;
```

Description

MPICommandType is an enumeration of controller commands that can be used in a program sequence. It specifies a single instruction for the controller to execute. The **CommandType** also defines the command parameters that must be passed to `mpiCommandCreate(...)`. For each **MPICommandType** there is a corresponding structure in the `MPICommandParams{...}` union. For example, when the `MPICommandTypeASSIGN` is specified, the `assign{...}` structure in `MPICommandParams{...}` must be filled in to specify the address and value.

Commands must be created with `mpiCommandCreate(...)` and then added to a sequence using `mpiSequenceCommandAppend(...)`, `mpiSequenceCommandInsert(...)`, or `mpiSequenceCommandListSet(...)`. Then the command sequence can be loaded into the controller with `mpiSequenceLoad(...)` and started with `mpiSequenceStart(...)`.

Element	Description	Associated MPICommandParams structure
MPICommandTypeASSIGN	Writes a constant value (long or float) into the controller's memory at the specified address.	assign
MPICommandTypeASSIGN_FLOAT	These commands assign a value to a particular controller address. MPICommandTypeASSIGN assigns a long value while MPICommandTypeASSIGN_FLOAT assigns a float value.	
MPICommandTypeBRANCH	These commands branch to a particular command (similar to a goto statement) if a particular comparison evaluates to TRUE. MPICommandTypeBRANCH compares a controller address to a specified constant long value. MPICommandTypeBRANCH_REF compares a controller address to a long value at a specified controller address.	branch
MPICommandTypeBRANCH_REF	Branch to a particular command if the comparison evaluates to TRUE. Compares a controller address to a long value at a specified controller address.	
MPICommandTypeBRANCH_FLOAT	Compares a controller address to a specified constant float value.	
MPICommandTypeBRANCH_FLOAT_REF	Compares a controller address to a float value at a specified controller address.	
MPICommandTypeBRANCH_EVENT	Branch to a particular command (similar to a goto statement) if a particular event occurs or has occurred.	branchEvent
MPICommandTypeBRANCH_IO	Branch to a particular command (similar to a goto statement) if a particular I/O state matches a specified condition.	branchIO

MPICommandTypeCOMPUTE	These commands perform some computation and place the result at some controller address. MPICommandTypeCOMPUTE performs a computation of some controller address and a constant long value.	compute
MPICommandTypeCOMPUTE_REF		
MPICommandTypeCOMPUTE_FLOAT	Performs a computation of some controller address and a constant float value.	
MPICommandTypeCOMPUTE_FLOAT_REF	Performs a computation of some controller address and a float value at a specified controller address.	
MPICommandTypeCOMPUTE_IO	Performs a computation on a set of I/O bits.	computeIO
MPICommandTypeCOPY	Copies controller memory from one place to another.	copy
MPICommandTypeDELAY	Delays execution of the next command.	delay
MPICommandTypeEVENT	Generate an event.	event
MPICommandTypeMOTION	Commands a motion action. See MPICommandMotion .	motion
MPICommandTypeWAIT	These delays execution of the next command until a particular comparison evaluates to TRUE. MPICommandTypeWAIT compares a controller address to a specified constant long value. MPICommandTypeWAIT_REF Compares a controller address to a long value at a specified controller address.	wait
MPICommandTypeWAIT_REF	Compares a controller address to a long value at a specified controller address.	
MPICommandTypeWAIT_FLOAT	Compares a controller address to a specified constant float value.	
MPICommandTypeWAIT_FLOAT_REF	Compares a controller address to a float value at a specified controller address.	

MPICommandTypeWAIT_EVENT	Delays execution of the next command until a particular event occurs.	waitEvent
MPICommandTypeWAIT_IO	Delays execution of the next command until a particular I/O state matches a specified condition.	waitIO

See Also

[MPICommand](#) | [MPICommandMotion](#) | [MPICommandParams](#) | [mpiCommandCreate](#) | [mpiCommandType](#) | [mpiSequenceCommandAppend](#) | [mpiSequenceCommandInsert](#) | [mpiSequenceCommandListSet](#) | [mpiSequenceLoad](#) | [mpiSequenceStart](#)

MPICommandParams

Definition

```

typedef union {
    struct { /* *'dst' = 'value' */
        MPICommandAddress    dst;
        MPICommandConstant value;
        MPIControl           control; /* Ignored by Sequence */
    } assign;

    struct { /* branch to 'label' on 'expr' */
        char                *label; /* NULL => stop sequence */
        MPICommandExpr      expr; /* expr.oper => MPICommandOperatorLogical */
        MPIControl         control; /* Ignored by Sequence */
    } branch;

    struct { /* branch to 'label' on MPIEventMask('handle') 'oper' 'mask' */
        char                *label; /* NULL => stop sequence */
        MPIHandle            handle; /* [MPIMotor|MPIMotion|...] */
        MPICommandOperator oper; /* EQUAL/NOT_EQUAL/BIT_CLEAR/BIT_SET */
        MPIEventMask       mask; /* MPIEventMask('handle') 'oper' 'mask' */
    } branchEvent;

    struct { /* branch to 'label' on Io.input 'oper' 'mask' */
        char                *label; /* NULL => stop sequence */
        MPIIoType           type; /* MOTOR, USER */
        MPIIoSource        source; /* MPIMotor index */
        MPICommandOperator oper; /* EQUAL/NOT_EQUAL/BIT_CLEAR/BIT_SET */
        long                mask; /* [motor|user]Io.input 'oper' 'mask' */
    } branchIO;

    struct { /* *'dst' = 'expr' */
        MPICommandAddress    dst;
        MPICommandExpr      expr; /* expr.oper => MPICommandOperatorArithmetic */
        MPIControl         control; /* Ignored by Sequence */
    } compute;

    struct { /* Io.output = Io.output 'oper' 'mask' */
        MPIIoType           type; /* MOTOR, USER */
        MPIIoSource        source; /* MPIMotor index */
        MPICommandOperator oper; /* AND/OR/XOR */
        long                mask;
    } computeIO;

    struct { /* memcpy(dst, src, count) */
        void                *dst;
        void                *src;
        long                count;
        MPIControl         control; /* Ignored by Sequence */
    } copy;

    float delay; /* seconds */

```

```

struct {
    long          value;      /* MPIEventStatus.type      = MPIEventTypeEXTERNAL */
                                /*                          .source = MPISequence/MPIProgram */
                                /*                          .info[0] = value */
    MPIEventMgr  eventMgr; /* Ignored by Sequence */
} event;

struct { /* mpiMotion[Abort|EStop|Reset|Resume|Start|Stop](motion[, type,
params]) */
    MPICommandMotion  motionCommand;
    MPIMotion          motion;
    MPIMotionType     type;      /* MPICommandMotionSTART */
    MPIMotionParams   params;   /* MPICommandMotionSTART */
} motion;

struct { /* wait until 'expr' */
    MPICommandExpr    expr;      /* expr.oper => MPICommandOperatorLogical */
    MPIControl        control; /* Ignored by Sequence */
} wait;

struct { /* wait until MPIEventMask('handle') 'oper' 'mask' */
    MPIHandle        handle; /* [MPIMotor|MPIMotion|...] */
    MPICommandOperator oper;   /* EQUAL/NOT_EQUAL/BIT_CLEAR/BIT_SET */
    MPIEventMask      mask;   /* MPIEventMask('handle') 'oper' 'mask' */
} waitEvent;

struct { /* wait until Io.input 'oper' 'mask' */
    MPIIoType          type;      /* MOTOR, USER */
    MPIIoSource       source;   /* MPIMotor index */
    MPICommandOperator oper;   /* EQUAL/NOT_EQUAL/BIT_CLEAR/BIT_SET */
    long            mask;      /* [motor|user]Io.input 'oper' 'mask' */
} waitIO;
} MPICommandParams;

```

Description

MPICommandParams holds the parameters used by an MPICommand. Each element in the MPICommandParams union corresponds to different types of commands (specified by the MPICommandType enumeration).

Element	Description	Supported by
assign	Assign a value to a particular controller address: *dst = value assign.control is currently not supported and is reserved for future use.	MPICommandTypeASSIGN MPICommandTypeASSIGN_FLOAT

branch	<p>Branch to a particular command (similar to a <i>goto</i> statement) if a particular comparison evaluates to TRUE: branch to label on expr</p> <p>If <i>label</i> = NULL, then no more commands will be executed if the comparison evaluates to TRUE.</p> <p>branch.control is currently not supported and is reserved for future use.</p>	<p>MPICommandTypeBRANCH MPICommandTypeBRANCH_REF MPICommandTypeBRANCH_FLOAT MPICommandTypeBRANCH_FLOAT_REF</p>
branchEvent	<p>Branch to a particular command (similar to a <i>goto</i> statement) if a particular event occurs or has occurred: branch to label on</p> <p>MPIEventMask(handle) oper mask</p> <p>If <i>label</i> = NULL, then no more commands will be executed if a particular event occurs or has occurred.</p>	<p>MPICommandTypeBRANCH_EVENT</p>
branchIO	<p>Branch to a particular command (similar to a <i>goto</i> statement) if a particular i/o state matches a specified condition: branch to label on Io.input oper mask</p> <p>If <i>label</i> = NULL, then no more commands will be executed if a particular i/o state matches a specified condition.</p>	<p>MPICommandTypeBRANCH_IO</p>
compute	<p>perform some computation and place the result at some controller address: *dst = expr</p> <p>compute.control is currently not supported and is reserved for future use.</p>	<p>MPICommandTypeCOMPUTE MPICommandTypeCOMPUTE_REF MPICommandTypeCOMPUTE_FLOAT MPICommandTypeCOMPUTE_FLOAT_REF</p>
computeIO	<p>Performs a computation on a set of i/o bits: <i>Io.output</i> = <i>Io.output oper mask</i></p>	<p>MPICommandType_IO</p>
copy	<p>Copies controller memory from one place to another: memcpy(dst, src, count);</p> <p>Remember: count represents the number of bytes copied, NOT the number of controller words.</p> <p>event.control is currently not supported and is reserved for future use.</p>	<p>MPICommandTypeCOPY</p>
delay	<p>Delays execution of the next command <i>delay</i> seconds.</p>	<p>MPICommandTypeDELAY</p>
event	<p>Generates an event: MPIEventStatus.type = MPIEventTypeEXTERNAL MPIEventStatus.source = MPISequence MPIEventStatus.info[0] = value</p> <p>event.eventMgr is currently not supported and is reserved for future use.</p>	<p>MPICommandTypeEVENT</p>
motion	<p>Commands a motion action (See MPICommandMotion):</p> <p>mpiMotionStart (motion, type, params)]; or mpiMotionAction(motion, MPIAction[ABORT E_STOP E_STOP_ABORT RESET RESUME STOP]);</p>	<p>MPICommandTypeMOTION</p>

wait	Delays execution of the next command until a particular comparison evaluates to TRUE: wait until <i>expr</i> wait.control is currently not supported and is reserved for future use.	MPICommandTypeWAIT MPICommandTypeWAIT_REF MPICommandTypeWAIT_FLOAT MPICommandTypeWAIT_FLOAT_REF
waitEvent	Delays execution of the next command until a particular event occurs: wait until MPIEventMask (<i>handle</i>) oper <i>mask</i>	MPICommandTypeWAIT_EVENT
waitIO	Delays execution of the next command until a particular i/o state matches a specified condition: wait until <i>Io.input</i> oper <i>mask</i>	MPICommandTypeWAIT_IO

See Also

[MPICommand](#) | [MPICommandType](#) | [mpiCommandCreate](#) | [mpiCommandParams](#)